

APPENDIX B

Stormwater Management Calculations

PROJECT NAME:		Preliminary Stormwater Management Computations		Computed By:		GK	
		Choptank Road - New Castle County, Delaware.		Date:		04/18/02	
				Checked By:			
				Date:			
		STUDY POINT: 1					
Hydrologic Computations :							
		Existing	Proposed				
Total Drainage Area (ac) :		3.50	9.86				
Impervious Area (ac) :		2.14	3.49				
Percent Impervious Cover :		61.14	35.40				
Added Impervious Area (ac) :			1.35				
Present Condition :							
		AREA, (A)	CN	A x CN			
Impervious Area (ac) :		2.14	98	209.72			
Assumed B Soil Open Area (Good) (ac) :		7.72	61	470.92			
* Total Drainage Area (ac) :		9.86		680.64	* Ultimate Drainage area		
* Total Drainage Area (sm) :		0.01541					
CN (Weighted) = (A x CN) / (A) :			CN =	69.0			
Developed Condition :							
		AREA, (A)	CN	A x CN			
Impervious Area (ac) :		3.49	98	342.02			
Assumed B Soil Open Area (Good) (ac) :		6.37	61	388.57			
Total Drainage Area (ac) :		9.86		730.59			
CN (Weighted) = (A x CN) / (A) :			CN =	74.1			
Time of Concentration (Tc) :							
		(Ditch Flow)					
		Surface :		Unpaved			
		Flow Length, (ft) :		4400			
		Slope (ft/ft) :		0.0061			
		* Average Velocity, V (ft/s) :		4.00	* Assumed		
				Tc (hr) =	0.306		
Storage Volume For Detention Basin : 10 Year Management							
Vs = Storage Volume (ac-ft)		?		Co = Coefficient =		0.682	
Vr = Runoff Volume (ac-ft)		= 2.0130		C1 = Coefficient =		-1.43	
Qo = Peak Outflow Discharge (cfs)		= 22		C2 = Coefficient =		1.64	
Qi = Peak Inflow Discharge (cfs)		= 27		C3 = Coefficient =		-0.804	
		Vs / Vr = Co + C1 (Qo/Qi) + C2 (Qo/Qi)^2 + C3 (Qo/Qi)^3					
		Vs / Vr =		Q (in) =		2.45	
		0.1707		Where Vr = (53.33)(Q)(Am) :		2.0130	
		Vs =		ac-ft =		14968 cf	
		0.3436					
Storage Volume For Detention Basin : Water Quality Management							
Additional Impervious Area (ac):		1.35					
Runoff Volume Required (in):		1.00					
Required Storage Volume (ac-ft):		0.11					
Total Storage Volume Required (ac-ft):		0.46		(Water Quality and Quantity Volume)			
Total Storage Volume Required (cf):		19869					
Preliminary Detention Basin Sizing							
Assumed Facility Depth (ft) :		3.00		Assumed Facility Length (ft) :		133	
Assumed Facility Width (ft) :		50.00					
Facility Area Required (ac):		0.15					
Storage Volume Provided (cf) :		19950					
Facility Location :		CHOPTANK ROAD					
		Sta. 54+00 to Sta. 55+00, RT.					

PROJECT NAME:		Preliminary Stormwater Management Computations		Computed By:		GK	
		Choptank Road - New Castle County, Delaware.		Date:		04/18/02	
				Checked By:			
				Date:			
		STUDY POINT: 2					
Hydrologic Computations							
		Existing	Proposed				
Total Drainage Area (ac) :		4.94	13.04				
Impervious Area (ac) :		2.98	4.95				
Percent Impervious Cover :		60.32	37.96				
Added Impervious Area (ac) :			1.97				
Present Condition :		AREA, (A)	CN	A x CN			
Impervious Area (ac) :		2.98	98	292.04			
Assumed B Soil Open Area (Good) (ac) :		10.06	61	613.66			
* Total Drainage Area (ac) :		13.04		905.7	* Ultimate Drainage area		
* Total Drainage Area (sm) :		0.02038					
CN (Weighted) = (A x CN) / (A) :			CN =	69.5			
Developed Condition :		AREA, (A)	CN	A x CN			
Impervious Area (ac) :		4.95	98	485.1			
Assumed B Soil Open Area (Good) (ac) :		8.09	61	493.49			
Total Drainage Area (ac) :		13.04		978.59			
CN (Weighted) = (A x CN) / (A) :			CN =	75.0			
Time of Concentration (Tc) :		(Shallow Concentrated Flow)				* Assumed ditch flow	
		Surface :		Unpaved			
		Flow Length, (ft) :		5900			
		Slope (ft/ft) :		0.0046			
		* Average Velocity, V (ft/s) :		4.00		* Assume	
				Tc (hr) =		0.410	
Storage Volume For Detention Basin : 10 Year Management							
Vs = Storage Volume (ac-ft)				Co = Coefficient =		0.682	
Vr = Runoff Volume (ac-ft)		= 2.7491		C1 = Coefficient =		-1.43	
Qo = Peak Outflow Discharge (cfs)		= 25		C2 = Coefficient =		1.64	
Qi = Peak Inflow Discharge (cfs)		= 31		C3 = Coefficient =		-0.804	
		Vs / Vr =		Co + C1 (Qo/Qi) + C2 (Qo/Qi)^2 + C3 (Qo/Qi)^3			
		Vs / Vr =		0.1737		Q (in) = 2.53	
				Where Vr = (53.33)(Q)(Am) =		2.7491	
		Vs =		0.4775 ac-ft =		20799 cf	
Storage Volume For Detention Basin : Water Quality Management							
Additional Impervious Area (ac):		1.97					
Runoff Volume Required (in):		1.00					
Required Storage Volume (ac-ft):		0.16					
Total Storage Volume Required (ac-ft):		0.64		(Water Quality and Quantity Volume)			
Total Storage Volume Required (cf):		27950					
Preliminary Detention Basin Sizing							
Assumed Facility Depth (ft) :		3.00		Assumed Facility Length (ft) :		155	
Assumed Facility Width (ft) :		60.00					
Facility Area Required (ac):		0.21					
Storage Volume Provided (cf) :		27900					
Facility Location :		CHOPTANK ROAD					
		Sta. 56+00 to Sta. 57+16, RT.					

PROJECT NAME:	Preliminary Stormwater Management Computations			Computed By:	GK
	Choptank Road - New Castle County, Delaware.			Date:	04/18/02
				Checked By:	
				Date:	
	STUDY POINT: 3 AND 4				
Hydrologic Computations					
		Existing	Proposed		
Total Drainage Area (ac) :		4.13	11.24		
Impervious Area (ac) :		2.36	3.94		
Percent Impervious Cover :		57.14	35.05		
Added Impervious Area (ac) :			1.58		
Present Condition :					
	AREA, (A)	CN	A x CN		
Impervious Area (ac) :	2.36	98	231.28		
Assumed B Soil Open Area (Good) (ac) :	8.88	61	541.68		
* Total Drainage Area (ac) :	11.24		772.96		* Ultimate Drainage area
* Total Drainage Area (sm) :	0.01756				
CN (Weighted) = (A x CN) / (A) :		CN =	68.8		
Developed Condition :					
	AREA, (A)	CN	A x CN		
Impervious Area (ac) :	3.94	98	386.12		
Assumed B Soil Open Area (Good) (ac) :	7.30	61	445.3		
Total Drainage Area (ac) :	11.24		831.42		
CN (Weighted) = (A x CN) / (A) :		CN =	74.0		
Time of Concentration (Tc) : (Shallow Concentrated Flow)					
	Surface :	Unpaved			* Assumed ditch flow
	Flow Length, (ft) :	3700			
	Slope (ft/ft) :	0.0019			
	* Average Velocity, V (ft/s) :	4.00			* Assume
		Tc (hr) =	0.257		
Storage Volume For Detention Basin : 10 Year Management					
Vs = Storage Volume (ac-ft)	?			Co = Coefficient =	0.682
Vr = Runoff Volume (ac-ft)	= 2.2853			C1 = Coefficient =	-1.43
Qo = Peak Outflow Discharge (cfs)	= 27			C2 = Coefficient =	1.64
Qi = Peak Inflow Discharge (cfs)	= 33			C3 = Coefficient =	-0.804
	Vs / Vr = Co + C1 (Qo/Qi) + C2 (Qo/Qi)^2 + C3 (Qo/Qi)^3				
			Q (in) =	2.44	
	Vs / Vr =	0.1695	Where Vr = (53.33)(Q)(Am) =		2.2853
	Vs =	0.3873	ac-ft =	16873	cf
Storage Volume For Detention Basin : Water Quality Management					
Additional Impervious Area (ac):	1.58				
Runoff Volume Required (in):	1.00				
Required Storage Volume (ac-ft):	0.13				
Total Storage Volume Required (ac-ft):	0.52			(Water Quality and Quantity Volume)	
Total Storage Volume Required (cf):	22608				
Preliminary Detention Basin Sizing					
Assumed Facility Depth (ft) :	3.00	Assumed Facility Length (ft) :	140		
Assumed Facility Width (ft) :	55.00				
Facility Area Required (ac):	0.17				
	Storage Volume Provided (cf) :	23100			
Facility Location :	CHOPTANK ROAD				
	Sta. 153+44 to Sta. 154+50, LT.				

PROJECT NAME:	Preliminary Stormwater Management Computations			Computed By:	GK
	Choptank Road - New Castle County, Delaware.			Date:	04/18/02
				Checked By:	
				Date:	
	STUDY POINT: 5 AND 6				
Hydrologic Computations					
		Existing	Proposed		
Total Drainage Area (ac) :		1.41	4.21		
Impervious Area (ac) :		0.86	1.51		
Percent Impervious Cover :		60.99	35.87		
Added Impervious Area (ac) :			0.65		
Present Condition :	AREA, (A)	CN	A x CN		
Impervious Area (ac) :	0.86	98	84.28		
Assumed B Soil Open Area (Good) (ac) :	3.35	61	204.35		
* Total Drainage Area (ac) :	4.21		288.63		* Ultimate Drainage area
* Total Drainage Area (sm) :	0.00658				
CN (Weighted) = (A x CN) / (A) :		CN =	68.6		
Developed Condition :	AREA, (A)	CN	A x CN		
Impervious Area (ac) :	1.51	98	147.98		
Assumed B Soil Open Area (Good) (ac) :	2.70	61	164.7		
Total Drainage Area (ac) :	4.21		312.68		
CN (Weighted) = (A x CN) / (A) :		CN =	74.3		
Time of Concentration (Tc) :	(Shallow Concentrated Flow)			* Assumed ditch flow	
	Surface :	Unpaved			
	Flow Length, (ft) :	1200			
	Slope (ft/ft) :	0.0225			
	* Average Velocity, V (ft/s) :	4.00			* Assume
		Tc =	0.08		
		Use Tc (hr) =	0.100		
Storage Volume For Detention Basin : 10 Year Management					
Vs = Storage Volume (ac-ft)		?		Co = Coefficient =	0.682
Vr = Runoff Volume (ac-ft)	=	0.8665		C1 = Coefficient =	-1.43
Qo = Peak Outflow Discharge (cfs)	=	12		C2 = Coefficient =	1.64
Qi = Peak Inflow Discharge (cfs)	=	15		C3 = Coefficient =	-0.804
	$Vs / Vr = Co + C1 (Qo/Qi) + C2 (Qo/Qi)^2 + C3 (Qo/Qi)^3$				
				Q (in) =	2.47
	Vs / Vr =	0.1760		Where Vr = (53.33)(Q)(Am) =	0.8665
	Vs =	0.1525	ac-ft =	6641	cf
Storage Volume For Detention Basin : Water Quality Management					
Additional Impervious Area (ac):	0.00				
Runoff Volume Required (in):	1.00				
Required Storage Volume (ac-ft):	0.00				
Total Storage Volume Required (ac-ft):	0.15 (Water Quality and Quantity Volume)				
Total Storage Volume Required (cf):	6641				
Preliminary Detention Basin Sizing					
Assumed Facility Depth (ft) :	3.00	Assumed Facility Length (ft) :		65	
Assumed Facility Width (ft) :	35.00				
Facility Area Required (ac):	0.05				
Storage Volume Provided (cf) :	6825				
Facility Location :	CHOPTANK ROAD				
	Sta. 179+08 to Sta. 179+75, LT.				

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PROJECT NAME:	Preliminary Stormwater Management Computations		Computed By:	GK
	Choptank Road - New Castle County, Delaware.		Date:	04/18/02
			Checked By:	
			Date:	
	STUDY POINT: 7 AND 8			
Hydrologic Computations				
	Existing	Proposed		
Total Drainage Area (ac) :	2.09	5.96		
Impervious Area (ac) :	1.26	2.16		
Percent Impervious Cover :	60.29	36.24		
Added Impervious Area (ac) :		0.90		
Present Condition :				
	AREA, (A)	CN	A x CN	
Impervious Area (ac) :	1.26	98	123.48	
Assumed B Soil Open Area (Good) (ac) :	4.70	61	286.7	
* Total Drainage Area (ac) :	5.96		410.18	* Ultimate Drainage area
* Total Drainage Area (sm) :	0.00931			
CN (Weighted) = (A x CN) / (A) :		CN =	68.8	
Developed Condition :				
	AREA, (A)	CN	A x CN	
Impervious Area (ac) :	2.16	98	211.68	
Assumed B Soil Open Area (Good) (ac) :	3.80	61	231.8	
Total Drainage Area (ac) :	5.96		443.48	
CN (Weighted) = (A x CN) / (A) :		CN =	74.4	
Time of Concentration (Tc) : (Shallow Concentrated Flow)				
	Surface :	Unpaved		* Assumed ditch flow
	Flow Length, (ft) :	1550		
	Slope (ft/ft) :	0.0013		
	* Average Velocity, V (ft/s) :	4.00		* Assume
		Tc (hr) =	0.108	
Storage Volume For Detention Basin : 10 Year Management				
Vs = Storage Volume (ac-ft)	?		Co = Coefficient =	0.682
Vr = Runoff Volume (ac-ft)	= 1.2317		C1 = Coefficient =	-1.43
Qo = Peak Outflow Discharge (cfs)	= 17		C2 = Coefficient =	1.64
Qi = Peak Inflow Discharge (cfs)	= 22		C3 = Coefficient =	-0.804
$Vs / Vr = Co + C1 (Qo/Qi) + C2 (Qo/Qi)^2 + C3 (Qo/Qi)^3$				
			Q (in) =	2.48
	Vs / Vr =	0.1853	Where Vr = (53.33)(Q)(Am) =	1.2317
	Vs =	0.2282	ac-ft =	9941 cf
Storage Volume For Detention Basin : Water Quality Management				
Additional Impervious Area (ac):	0.90			
Runoff Volume Required (in):	1.00			
Required Storage Volume (ac-ft):	0.08			
Total Storage Volume Required (ac-ft):	0.30		(Water Quality and Quantity Volume)	
Total Storage Volume Required (cf):	13208			
Preliminary Detention Basin Sizing				
Assumed Facility Depth (ft) :	3.00	Assumed Facility Length (ft) :	110	
Assumed Facility Width (ft) :	40.00			
Facility Area Required (ac):	0.10			
Storage Volume Provided (cf) :	13200			
Facility Location :	CHOPTANK ROAD			
	Sta. 199+17 to Sta. 200+00, LT.			

PROJECT NAME:		Preliminary Stormwater Management Computations		Computed By:		GK	
		Choptank Road - New Castle County, Delaware.		Date:		04/18/02	
				Checked By:			
				Date:			
		STUDY POINT: 9 AND 10					
Hydrologic Computations							
		Existing		Proposed			
Total Drainage Area (ac) :		0.89		2.59			
Impervious Area (ac) :		0.56		0.91			
Percent Impervious Cover :		62.92		35.14			
Added Impervious Area (ac) :				0.35			
Present Condition :		AREA, (A)		CN		A x CN	
Impervious Area (ac) :		0.56		98		54.88	
Assumed B Soil Open Area (Good) (ac) :		2.03		61		123.83	
* Total Drainage Area (ac) :		2.59				178.71	
* Total Drainage Area (sm) :		0.00405					
CN (Weighted) = (A x CN) / (A) :				CN =		69.0	
Developed Condition :		AREA, (A)		CN		A x CN	
Impervious Area (ac) :		0.91		98		89.18	
Assumed B Soil Open Area (Good) (ac) :		1.68		61		102.48	
Total Drainage Area (ac) :		2.59				191.66	
CN (Weighted) = (A x CN) / (A) :				CN =		74.0	
Time of Concentration (Tc) :		(Shallow Concentrated Flow)				* Assumed ditch flow	
		Surface :		Unpaved			
		Flow Length, (ft) :		1000			
		Slope (ft/ft) :		0.0150			
		* Average Velocity, V (ft/s) :		4.00		* Assume	
				Tc (hr) =		0.07	
Storage Volume For Detention Basin : 10 Year Management							
Vs = Storage Volume (ac-ft)		?		Co = Coefficient		= 0.682	
Vr = Runoff Volume (ac-ft)		= 0.5266		C1 = Coefficient		= -1.43	
Qo = Peak Outflow Discharge (cfs)		= 8		C2 = Coefficient		= 1.64	
Qi = Peak Inflow Discharge (cfs)		= 9		C3 = Coefficient		= -0.804	
		Vs / Vr = Co + C1 (Qo/Qi) + C2 (Qo/Qi)^2 + C3 (Qo/Qi)^3					
				Q (in) =		2.44	
		Vs / Vr =		Where Vr = (53.33)(Q)(Am) =		0.5266	
		Vs =		ac-ft =		3258 cf	
		0.0748					
Storage Volume For Detention Basin : Water Quality Management							
Additional Impervious Area (ac):		0.35					
Runoff Volume Required (in):		1.00					
Required Storage Volume (ac-ft):		0.03					
Total Storage Volume Required (ac-ft):		0.10				(Water Quality and Quantity Volume)	
Total Storage Volume Required (cf):		4528					
Preliminary Detention Basin Sizing							
Assumed Facility Depth (ft) :		3.00		Assumed Facility Length (ft) :		60	
Assumed Facility Width (ft) :		25.00					
Facility Area Required (ac):		0.03					
Storage Volume Provided (cf) :		4500					
Facility Location :		CHOPTANK ROAD					
		Sta. 219+25 to Sta. 219+72, LT.					

PROJECT NAME:	Preliminary Stormwater Management Computations			Computed By:	GK
	Choptank Road - New Castle County, Delaware.			Date:	04/18/02
				Checked By:	
				Date:	
	STUDY POINT: 11 AND 12				
Hydrologic Computations					
		Existing	Proposed		
Total Drainage Area (ac) :		1.94	5.75		
Impervious Area (ac) :		1.40	2.05		
Percent Impervious Cover :		72.16	35.65		
Added Impervious Area (ac) :			0.65		
Present Condition :					
	AREA, (A)	CN	A x CN		
Impervious Area (ac) :	1.40	98	137.2		
Assumed B Soil Open Area (Good) (ac) :	4.35	61	265.35		
* Total Drainage Area (ac) :	5.75		402.55		* Ultimate Drainage area
* Total Drainage Area (sm) :	0.00898				
CN (Weighted) = (A x CN) / (A) :		CN =	70.0		
Developed Condition :					
	AREA, (A)	CN	A x CN		
Impervious Area (ac) :	2.05	98	200.9		
Assumed B Soil Open Area (Good) (ac) :	3.70	61	225.7		
Total Drainage Area (ac) :	5.75		426.6		
CN (Weighted) = (A x CN) / (A) :		CN =	74.2		
Time of Concentration (Tc) : (Shallow Concentrated Flow)					
	Surface :	Unpaved			* Assumed ditch flow
	Flow Length, (ft) :	1885			
	Slope (ft/ft) :	0.0080			
	* Average Velocity, V (ft/s) :	4.00			* Assume
		Use Tc (hr) =	0.131		
Storage Volume For Detention Basin : 10 Year Management					
Vs = Storage Volume (ac-ft)	?			Co = Coefficient =	0.682
Vr = Runoff Volume (ac-ft)	=	1.1787		C1 = Coefficient =	-1.43
Qo = Peak Outflow Discharge (cfs)	=	17		C2 = Coefficient =	1.64
Qi = Peak Inflow Discharge (cfs)	=	20		C3 = Coefficient =	-0.804
	Vs / Vr = Co + C1 (Qo/Qi) + C2 (Qo/Qi)^2 + C3 (Qo/Qi)^3				
			Q (in) =	2.46	
	Vs / Vr =	0.1576	Where Vr = (53.33)(Q)(Am) = 1.1787		
	Vs =	0.1858	ac-ft =	8094	cf
Storage Volume For Detention Basin : Water Quality Management					
Additional Impervious Area (ac):	0.65				
Runoff Volume Required (in):	1.00				
Required Storage Volume (ac-ft):	0.05				
Total Storage Volume Required (ac-ft):	0.24		(Water Quality and Quantity Volume)		
Total Storage Volume Required (cf):	10453				
Preliminary Detention Basin Sizing					
Assumed Facility Depth (ft) :	3.00	Assumed Facility Length (ft) :	87		
Assumed Facility Width (ft) :	40.00				
Facility Area Required (ac):	0.08				
	Storage Volume Provided (cf) :		10440		
Facility Location :	BUNKER HILL ROAD				
	Sta. 14+77 to Sta. 15+50, RT.				

Carucci, Chris

From: Altevogt, Jr. Charles A.
Sent: Tuesday, April 16, 2002 8:46 AM
To: Carucci, Chris
Subject: FW: Stormwater Management for Choptank Road

-----Original Message-----

From: Kiegel, Rick [mailto:RJKiegel@MCCormickTaylor.com]
Sent: Monday, April 15, 2002 3:23 PM
To: Charles Altevogt (E-mail)
Cc: Blendy, Nick; Foglietta, Theodore
Subject: Stormwater Management for Choptank Road

Charles,

We have completed our stormwater management analysis and anticipate that this project will be eligible for a waiver of stormwater management quantity control in accordance with the Delaware Sediment and Stormwater Regulations.

Section 3, paragraph 2 B (1) of the Delaware Sediment and Stormwater Regulations states the following:

A project may be eligible for a waiver of stormwater management for quantity control if the applicant can demonstrate that (1) the proposed project will not generate an increase in the 2-year post development peak rate of more than ten (10) percent above the 2-year pre-development rate and will have no adverse impact on the receiving wetland, watercourse or waterway.

Our stormwater engineer has concluded that this project should fall under that criteria. Based on this, quantity control is not anticipated for this project. In terms of stormwater management quality control, we analyzed the outfalls and sized water quality basins to store the first inch of runoff from the additional impervious areas. These basins can all be sized to fit within the proposed right-of-way. No major outlet is needed either.

Based on this investigation, I don't anticipate any needs for additional right-of-way or increases in construction costs. Any work associated with these basins will be limited primarily to earthwork and a small outlet. Our construction estimate has generous multipliers for incidentals which will more than cover and costs associated with this activity.

If you have any questions, please call me. Thank you.

Rick J. Kiegel, P.E.
McCormick, Taylor & Associates, Inc.
3600 Clipper Mill Road, Suite 350
Baltimore, MD 21211

(410) 662-7400
(410) 662-7401 fax
rjkiegel@mccormicktaylor.com



STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MEMORANDUM:

To: Chris Carucci, Road Design

From: Charles Altevogt, Project Development

Date: 26Apr02

Subject: Choptank Road Auxiliary Lanes

Regarding left turn lanes for residential subdivisions, a worse case scenario was checked for warrants in the design year. The largest subdivision is Back Creek. That segment of Choptank Road also has the largest volume of traffic. As the attached figure 7-12 from the Road Design Manual shows, neither AM nor PM peak hour conditions would meet warrants for a left turn. Therefore, it follows that the other smaller subdivisions, which also occur on segments of Choptank Road with lower traffic, would also not meet warrants.

Regarding right turn lanes, both Back Creek and Fox Hunter Crossing currently have them, and would meet warrants. However, in view of the following discussion for road intersections, consideration should be given to the traffic calming derived by eliminating the turn lanes. This is particularly ~~for~~ for Back Creek, since all southbound vehicles require deceleration only 400 feet away at the Churchtown Road intersection.

Regarding left turns at road intersections along Choptank Road, three locations, Bethel Church, Churchtown, and Bunker Hill are single lane roundabouts, and therefore would not have auxiliary lanes. For the other intersections, a worse case scenario was checked at Armstrong Corner Road. As the attached figure 7-12 shows, neither AM nor PM peak would meet warrants.

Regarding right turns, Armstrong Corner Road is estimated to have about 200 right turns per day with road ADT of about 2350. The road is posted at 45mph, design speed is 50 mph. Strict interpretation of Design Manual figure 7-14 would just meet warrants. However, given that the warrants are barely met, and there is no rear end crash history, three factors argue against a right turn lane at Armstrong Corner Road. Warrants would not be met at the lesser roads (Bohemia Mill and School House).



Delaware Department of Transportation

Speeding was a common issue raised during public meetings. Absence of a right turn lane will tend to slow traffic following decelerating right turners. Secondly, speed is related to the most significant public issue, i.e., that improvements to the road will increase traffic diversions from US 301, especially trucks. Traffic demand modeling indicates this route is sensitive to speed, and that significant diversions are likely in the absence of major improvements to the US 301 corridor. Thirdly, Choptank Road is part of Bicycle Route One. Auxiliary lanes, even with the current standards of lane striping with additional pavement create more significant vehicle/ bike conflicts than a continuous shoulder bike lane.

WORSE CASE SCENARIO FOR LEFT TURN WARRANTS
AT SUBDIVISIONS DESIGN YEAR. (BACK CREEK ENTRANCE)

Figure 7-12

VOLUME GUIDELINES FOR LEFT-TURN LANE

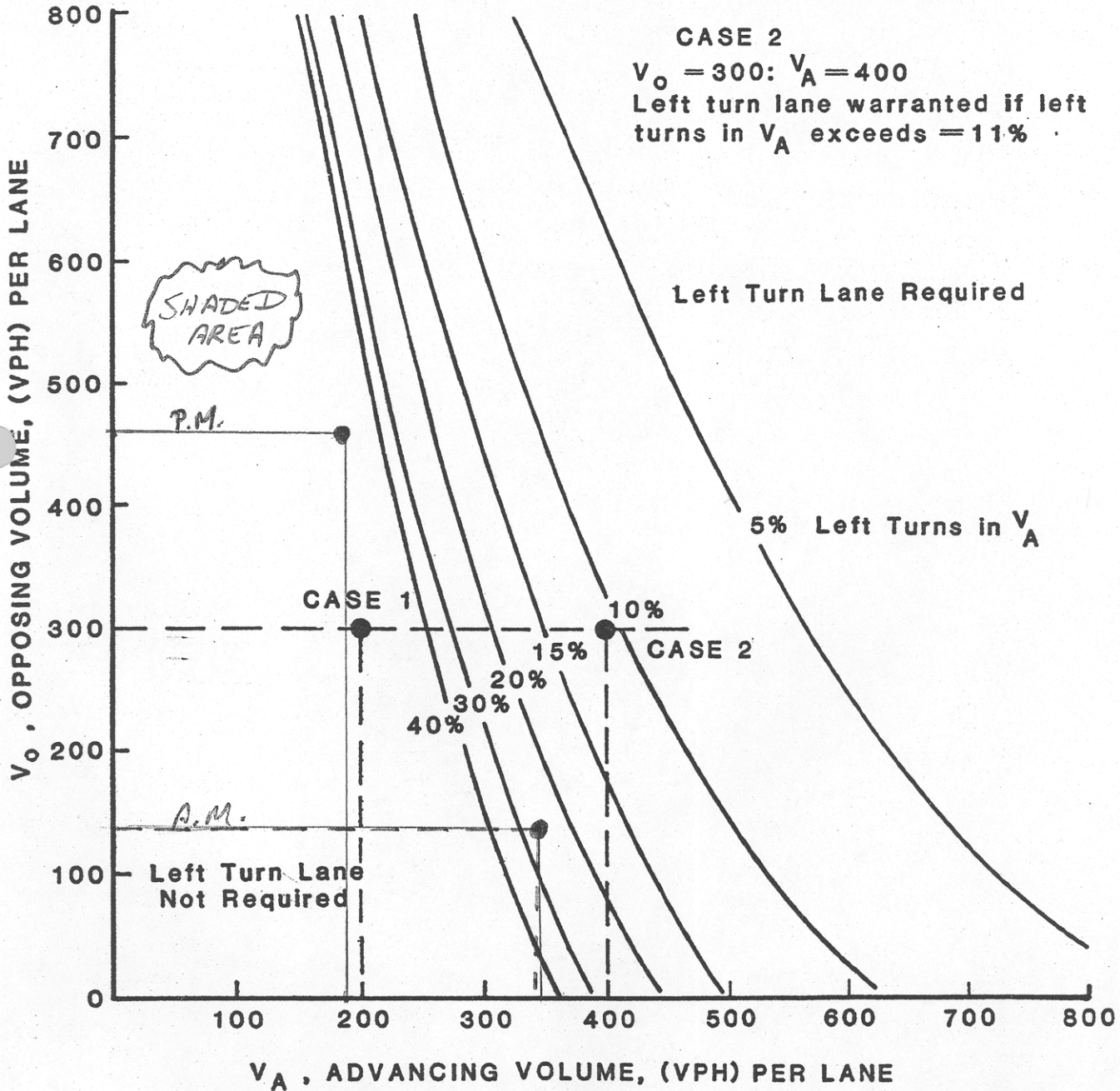
EXAMPLE CASE 1

Left turn lanes not warranted
for combinations of $V_0 + V_A$
within shaded area.

CASE 2

$V_0 = 300$; $V_A = 400$

Left turn lane warranted if left
turns in V_A exceeds = 11%



P.M. - NOT WARRANTED

A.M. - 25% of $V_A = (25)(328) = 82$ LEFT TURNS = $4/328 = .01$: NOT WARRANTED

ROAD DESIGN MANUAL